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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

A case of yellow fever is reported at the artillery post near Galveston; there are four suspicious cases on a vessel at Tortugas, just arrived from Havana. —— Bradstreets report continuance of favorable features in the trade situation. —— McKinley has appointed the members of the peace commission to meet in Paris, Secretary of State Day, Senators Davis and Frye, Whitelaw Reid, and Justice White of the Supreme Court. —— Rear-Admiral Schley arrived in Washington yesterday and was received with deafening cheers by an immense crowd of people. —— The Third Army Corps will be sent, probably, from Chickamauga to Anniston, Ala. —— John Anderson, the sailor murderer, was not hanged at Norfolk yesterday, an appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court being granted. —— Gen. Shafter left Santiago for home yesterday. —— In a disturbance between natives and U. S. soldiers at Manila, four natives were killed and several wounded; of the Americans one man was killed and five wounded, one mortally. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 1½@2½ per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 5¾c; flour fairly active and steady; wheat—spot weak; No 2 red 71¾c; c rn—spot easy; No. 2 35¾c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 25.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 75 deg.; 8 P.M. 78 deg.; maximum, 90 deg.; minimum 73 deg.; mean, 80 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .10; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.57 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., .6 feet.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Cloudy and threatening weather continues to-night in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, where moderate to heavy showers have occurred during the day. The weather is generally clear in the central and northern districts.

The pressure has increased considerably over the lake region, with lower temperature eastward to the North Atlantic coast. A high pressure area is central in the upper lake region and the barmometer continues high in the South Atlantic coast States. The barmometer is relatively low over the North Atlantic coast States and thence southwestward over the central valleys to Texas.

The hot wave continues in the middle Mississippi valley and the central Rocky Mountain region, although not as severe as during the past week. The following maximum temperatures were reported: St. Louis, Mo., 94; Dodge City, Kans., 92; Kansas City, Mo., 92.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

The temperature was slightly higher in the Charleston and Wilmington district and much lower in the Mississippi valley. Generally heavy showers occurred in all directions, and the weather continues cloudy and unsettled this morning. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Jackson, Miss., 2.22; Evergreen, Ala., 1.50; Macon, Ga., 3.00; Gainesville, Ga., 1.74; West Point, Ga., 1.92; Columbia, S. C., 3.28; Palestine, Tex., 1.04; Lumberton, N. C., 1.72.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina — Thunder showers; variable winds.

Port Almanac--Aug. 27.

Sun Rises	5.27 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.35 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 08 M.
High Water at Southport	2.25 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	4.55 A. M.

Several funny papers have recently collapsed in New York. Running papers isn't as funny a business as some people think.

The Atlanta board of education has decided to make the Spanish language one of the studies in the public schools of that city.

As far as we know Governor Russell has not yet apologized to ex-Pen. Supt. Smith, although that report has been in his hands about a week.

Auditor Ayer is quoted as saying that he can see no difference between a Republican and a Populist. About the only difference between a Republican and a Populist of the Ayer stripe is that the Republican performs in his own toggery, and the Ayer Pop masquerades in Populist disguise.

It is said that the Spaniards in Porto Rico accept the situation with a better grace than the natives, who are disposed to be somewhat gay, and rackety with the Spaniards. Perhaps they don't exactly know what the thing means yet and have somewhat as vague idea of U. S. control, as the emancipated darkeys in this country did when they thought freedom meant forty acres and a mule.

In speaking about battleships and about the long run of the Oregon around the South American continent, Mr. Cramp, the ship-builder of Philadelphia, said that without desiring to detract from the merit of Captain Clark, he thought more credit was due for that fine performance to the engineer than to the captain. The men between decks is apt to be overlooked and not get his share of the glory in the war business. He is out of sight and consequently does'nt get into the bulletins much.

It is hard for Wm. J. Bryan to please the Republican papers. Some time ago they were scolding him because he talked and now they are criticising him because he doesn't talk. He is just simply attending to his business, and it isn't his business to talk while he is on duty as a soldier.

There were more shameful scandals under the present administration than there were in all the years that the Democrats controlled North Carolina. That's some of the "reform" illustrated.

General Shafter shocked pious General Howard with his cussing at the Cubans. But this was one of the few luxuries of which Shafter had an unlimited supply.

A Berlin clockmaker has invented an instrument which can take 2,880 photographs in a second. That is catching them on the fly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. B. Rhodes—Well-dressed beef.
Palace Bakery—Fine fruits to day.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—A few ladies.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. B. M. Newkirk returned from New York yesterday.

— Mr. Jackson Greer, of Cronly, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Mr. H. E. Wells, of Columbia, S. C., arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. B. G. Worth has gone to New York to visit his son, Mr. Archie Worth.

— Jno. T. Bland, Esq., of Burgaw, was among yesterday's visitors to the city.

— Mrs. G. M. Summerell returned yesterday from a visit to friends in Marlville.

— Mr. G. J. Boney returned yesterday from a trip to New York and other Northern cities.

— Mr. George Campbell, proprietor of the Seashore Hotel, returned from Raleigh yesterday.

— Mrs. J. B. Farrar and daughter, Miss Julia Farrar, have gone to Whiteville, to visit relatives.

— Mr. J. Ernest Niemyer, of Raleigh, who has been here for several weeks returned home yesterday.

— Mr. James Howard, of the University of Virginia, was in Wilmington Thursday and yesterday.

— Mr. Dan Hester, of Chadbourn, representative of the computing scales, is in the city on business.

— Capt. J. L. Autry, an extensive merchant and planter of Autryville, was in the city on business yesterday.

— Miss Eva Brantly, a charming young lady of Cheraw, S. C., is in the city, visiting Misses Annie and Emma Clowe.

— Mr. H. McD. Robinson, of Fayetteville, is spending several days on Wrightsville beach, the guest of Seashore Hotel.

— Mr. C. H. Russell, of Jonesboro, the clever manager of the Liberty excursion, paid the STAR office a pleasant visit yesterday.

— Mr. A. T. Crawford and wife, Miss Carrie and Master Henry Biggs, of Williamston, N. C., are guests at Seashore Hotel this week.

— Mrs. W. A. French and Mrs. Geo. R. French have gone to Maine and will spend the remainder of the heated term at that State's Summer resorts.

— Prof. Thomas Wright, of the A. & M. College, was here yesterday on his way from his home in Sampson county to Raleigh for the Fall session. He teaches algebra and geometry.

Bread from Company K.

Persons who visited Mr. J. B. Huggins' store on Market street yesterday were interested to see on exhibition a greasy, dirty looking biscuit on a paper, on which was the inscription, "From Company K, St. Simon's Island." It was not calculated to inspire respect for the skill of Uncle Sam's cooks or for the grade of his flour. The soldier who sent it wrote that it required no little patriotism to digest such food.

May Not be a Game.

The uncertainty as to when the *Nantucket* crew will get here makes it probable that there will be no game of base ball this afternoon at Hilton Park. If the team comes, dodgers will be printed, and the game will also be advertised on the street cars. It is intended, in case the boys come in time, to let the public know in this way that the game is to be played.

POLITICS IN ROBESON

The General Outlook is Full of Hope for Democratic Success This Fall.

THE MEETING AT NEW HOPE.

A Large Number of Croatans Present—Speeches by Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., and Others—Bellamy Made Fine Impression.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

MAXTON, N. C., August 26.—The meeting at New Hope to-day was attended by more than seven hundred people, of whom more than three-fourths were Croatans, the remainder being white Democrats and Populists. It was a picturesque picnic with all the attractions of the peculiar people whose origin has given rise to so much speculation.

The meeting was opened by Rev. J. A. Blanks, an educated Croatan, who speaks with remarkable fluency and vigor. S. A. Edmond, clerk of the Superior Court of Robeson county, and bellwether of the Fusion gang, was the first speaker. His speech was an appeal to class prejudice and was full of reckless assertion. He was followed by Col. N. A. McLean, better known as "Neil Archie," in an exceedingly strong effort. He paid special attention to the demagogue Edmond, and gave him a most merciless excoriation, which the audience received with evident satisfaction. Dr. Norment, the Independent Republican candidate for Congress, followed in a speech of an hour. It was straight Republican stuff, with many loving references to the negro and numerous well-timed thrusts at Office Hunter Dockery, who of course was not present, although invited.

Next came Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., who is already a prime favorite with the Croatans, and who spoke for an hour and a half. He piled argument upon argument in favor of white rule in North Carolina. His speech was strong and compact, and that portion addressed specially to the Croatans was persuasive and convincing. He riddled Office Hunter Dockery with his rapid-fire guns, quoting his record on him with telling effect.

George B. McLeod made a short but very effective speech, which was well received. George is a fine campaigner, and will be the next sheriff of Robeson county.

Aaron Locklear, a young Croatan of good education, made a speech that attracted much attention. His appeals to his people to stand by the Democratic party, which has always stood by them, were vigorous and striking.

Rev. Cary Wilkins, one of the oldest and most influential of the Croatans, was speaking when I left about train time. I have made a very careful and conservative estimate of the present political status of the Croatans, based on diligent inquiry, and conversation with at least twenty of their leading men. At a low estimate they poll 600 votes in Robeson county. Of these not more than fifty have heretofore been Democratic. If the election were held to-day I feel assured that 275 to 300 of the Croatans would vote the whole Democratic ticket. And the defection from the Republican party is still going on. Bellamy is very strong with them and some of them call the present movement the "Bellamy Rising."

The general outlook in Robeson county is full of hope for Democratic success. The accessions from the Populist ranks have not been exaggerated, and there is no check to the movement. W. H. B.

FOURTH WARD DEMOCRATS.

First and Second Divisions Held Good Meetings Last Night.

The White Governments Union of the first and second divisions of the Fourth Ward held good meetings last night; the first division in the office of W. B. McKoy in the Smith building and the second division in the old National Bank building on Front street.

A set of by-laws was adopted in both Unions, and both adopted measures looking to some systematic and aggressive work in the campaign. In the meeting of the first division, White Government Union buttons were distributed to all the members.

Republican State Committee.

The leading Republicans here got news yesterday that the Republican State Executive Committee has been called to meet at Raleigh on Thursday, September 1, at 5 P. M.

John C. Dancy, the colored Collector of Customs, is the Wilmington member of the committee. The supporters of Lockey, the Republican candidate for judge in the Sixth judicial district, await with interest the result of the meeting, as the committee will probably decide who is to come down, Lockey or Loptin.

Bought the Nixie.

The *Nixie*, a handsome little half-rater, was purchased yesterday by Mr. George Harriss, Jr., from Lieut. J. C. Moore, of the United States revenue cutter *Forward*. The *Nixie* is one of the swiftest boat of the kind in these waters. In her and the *Bertha*, which was purchased a few months ago, Mr. Harriss has two fine little boats.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

WHO WON THE LAURELS?

The Judges in The Juvenile Relay Race Yesterday Could Not Decide—Another Race Arranged.

The bicycle relay race yesterday afternoon in which expert juvenile riders of the League of American Wheelmen and the Carolina Cyle Club were the contestants, resulted in victory for neither team, in that a misunderstanding as to the rules which were not understood alike by the contending racers, caused the judges to rule that the races must be run over again. This did not prevent the races from being highly interesting, and in fact being in every other way successful.

The first rider to reach the tape on the home run was Joe Hill for the L. A. W.; that team having carried the message over the seven and a half mile course in 28 minutes and 13 seconds. Walter Morris for the Carolina Cycle Club came in about four minutes later. The judges were Messrs. A. P. Yopp, Ed. Heinsberger and D. E Murphy. Mr. Hardy Le Gwin served as starter, and Mr. Mat Taylor was timekeeper. The trouble which prevented the judges from ruling that either team was victorious was that at the three-mile post when the racers started on the home run the L. A. W. racer waiting to take the message went up the track about one hundred yards to receive the package and start on the home run. This gave them about 200 yards advantage. Then there was a contention as to the rule governing the adjustment of delays occasioned by falls. The latter could however have been settled satisfactorily, as there were three falls on each side.

The race will be run over again Friday, September 9th. The same team will be on the track and a detailed agreement will be drawn up before the contest is entered upon. The racers and their order in the relay were as follows:

L. A. W., Capt. Fisher—Hill, Irvin, Cantwell, Prempert and Jewett.

C. C. C., Capt. Morris—W. Morris, Honnett, C. Price, Rowell and J. Price.

On Friday of next week the L. A. W. riders will have a test race to select the first and second racing teams. They will at once challenge the Carolina Cycle Club for a race as soon as practicable. The second team is also open for a challenge.

DR. BROUGHTON CAN'T COME.

His Lecture Advertised for Monday Night Called Off—Dr. Blackwell Will Preach To-morrow.

Yesterday evening about 6 o'clock a telegram was received from Dr. L. G. Broughton, of Atlanta, saying that it will be impossible for him to be here either Sunday or Monday. His engagement, therefore, to preach at the First Baptist church on Sunday and deliver his famous lecture, "A Living Museum of Human Curiosities" at the Opera House on Monday night will not be filled, much to the regret of a host of Wilmingtonians. A rare treat was in store for them and it is hoped that Dr. Broughton may be able to visit the city on some future date and fill a similar engagement.

So far as the services at the First Baptist Church are concerned, Dr. Broughton will have an able substitute, not unknown to the Wilmington congregation, in Rev. Dr. Blackwell, than whom there are few as able and eloquent preachers in the Southern Baptist Convention. He is corresponding secretary for the Baptist Young People's Union of the Southern Baptist Convention and visited this city in that capacity last Spring. Few addresses so eloquent and logical have been delivered in Wilmington as that by Dr. Blackwell on that occasion. He will preach to-morrow morning and night.

Drug Store Changes.

Mr. John S. Bryan, brother of E. K. Bryan, Esq., of this city, has accepted a position with Wm. H. Green & Co., as manager of their drug store at the corner of Fifth and Market streets. Mr. Bryan is from Georgia and is an expert pharmacist, registered in both Georgia and North Carolina, and withal he is a clever and popular gentleman. The STAR welcomes him to Wilmington. As has been previously announced in the STAR, Messrs. Green & Co.'s central drug store, now at 119 Market street, will be moved September 1st to the northeast corner of Front and Market streets.

Signal Crew All Home Now.

Mr. J. R. Caudle returned yesterday from Cape Henry, via Norfolk. He is the last of the signal crew to return home. After the abandonment of the Cape Fear signal station, he was transferred to Cape Henry as quartermaster second class and operator. This station was abandoned, also, on August 15th. Since then Mr. Caudle has been in Norfolk. He was before the war with the Sun Life Insurance Company, and will probably resume work in the same business.

Sailing Contest and Hop.

As has been previously announced in the STAR the last hop of the season by the Seashore Hotel will be given to-night and everybody is invited. The hotel will close for the season September the 1st. Another attraction on the beach to-day, provided the wind and tide are favorable, will be the regular monthly canoe races by the Carolina Club. All boats must be entered by 3:30 o'clock and the race will start a half hour later.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mrs. Eliza McDuffie, one of the nurses at the City Hospital, who has been quite sick, was much better yesterday.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— Mr. James Dickson Poisson has returned to the city after a visit of several weeks duration at White Lake, Bladen county.

— The hour for Sunday School and evening service at Fifth Street M. E. Church has been changed to 3.30 and 8 P. M. respectively.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— The torpedo boat *Gwin*, which put in at Southport Thursday night on account of stress of weather, will proceed to Hampton Roads this morning.

— It is represented that the postmasters at Ham and Hocut postoffices, in Bladen county, this State, cannot read, and hence parties fail to get their mail very often.

— See ad. of Palace Bakery this morning. It is announced that the bakery will have a big opening on the occasion of its removal to a new stand at 119 Market street.

— The stork alighted at the dwelling of Joseph and Georgia Williams, colored, on Third street near Kidder's Alley yesterday and left three babies, two boys and one girl.

— Quite a number of Wilmington society folk went down to Ocean View beach last night to attend the weekly hop by the Atlantic Yacht Club. The event was as usual a thorough success.

— Eight bales of new cotton were received here yesterday, six by Capt. J. H. Sloan via the W., C. & A. R. R. and two by Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son, via the Carolina Central.

— Rev. A. P. Tyer, the pastor, being absent from the city there will be no services at Grace Methodist E. Church to-morrow except the Sunday School which will hold its regular session at 4.30 P. M.

— The fountain basin in the Court House lawn has been repaired and Mr. Branch, the efficient janitor, yesterday turned on the water and replaced the gold fish. There are about 40 of them, all in excellent condition.

— The Liberty excursionists left for home at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They seemed to have enjoyed their trip. They spent less time in the city than excursionists usually do. Most of their time was spent at the beaches.

— Mr. J. S. Sneeden, one of the produce commission dealers at the new market, showed a STAR reporter yesterday something peculiar in an ear of corn. The shuck was of a rich purple color and Mr. Charles Watters, on whose farm at Middle Sound it was grown, said that the whole stalk and all of the blades were of the same unusual color.

WHEN ARE THEY COMING?

Much Curiosity as to When the Naval Reserves Will Get Here.

There is still considerable uncertainty as to when the Naval Reserves will get here. Some thought they would come yesterday and there was quite a crowd of ladies and children at the Carolina Central depot on the arrival of the train from Hamlet, expecting to see the boys come in. Capt. J. C. Morrison, chairman of the committee appointed to find out when the *Nantucket's* crew would get here, sent numbers of telegrams making inquiry into the matter, but has not received a single satisfactory response. Are the boys going to take us by surprise?

Buried at Wrightsville Sound.

The funeral of Miss Nora McClammy, who died Wednesday night, took place yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from her father's residence, No. 619 South Seventh street. The services were conducted by Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist Church.

The remains were taken to the family burying ground on Wrightsville Sound for interment. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers: Messrs. Henry Hewett, Frank Jarman, Daniel Bender and Willie Costin.

Two Committed and One Released.

The trial of the three negroes implicated in the thefts from the warehouse and freight cars of Messrs. McNair & Pearsall was concluded yesterday soon after noon, and two of them committed to jail in default of a $100 bond for trial at the October term of the Circuit Criminal Court. The other one was discharged, the prosecution having failed to make out a case against him. Those jailed were J. D. Hooper and William Murphy. Louis Jarman was released. Bob Nixon, colored, who is believed to be the most guilty of all the gang, is still at large.

New Telephone Directory.

Manager F. L. Woodruff, of the Bell Telephone Company, yesterday supplied their subscribers with a revised directory. It is in new shape and much handsomer than the old list. Clever Ed. Burkhimer, who is Mr. Woodruff's right hand man, was not only kind enough to bring the new directory around, but even inserted a bright brass hook on the 'phone for the book to be hung up by.

THE COLORED ORGAN.

Roasts Mr. Lockey and the Members of the Republican Executive Committee. Negro Paper in Negro Home.

The *Daily Record*, the negro organ, came out from its new quarters, on Seventh, between Church and Nun streets, yesterday afternoon. It claims now that it is a negro paper, edited in a building owned by negroes.

The only article of interest is one which takes all the point out of the resolutions adopted by the Republican Executive Committee, so far, at least, as these went to show that the sentiments of the negro editor were not those of the colored people generally. The resolutions are printed in full and there are angry refutations of the charges made.

The editor inquires, if he was a "mischief-making simpleton," how was it that he was sent to Washington with Lockey not long since on a mission that was not essentially that of a simpleton. He also wants to know where Lockey got the authority for saying that the *Record* would suspend. Then he says some sharp things about Lockey's candidacy for judicial honors, and says that his course in assembling the committee and dictating the action to be taken was from a hankering for Populist votes, upon which he will depend in his race for the judgeship.

The whole animus of the article in fact is directed against the Republican candidate for Judge. And the impression that the reader gain from it is that the action of the Republican Executive Committee is considered by the *Record* a the bigest sort of a farce and in no way indication of the feeling of the majority of the colored voters. Certainly, in view of this article, in view of the action of the colored ministers in upholding the *Record*, and in view of the threatening demonstration Wednesday night when it was thought the colored editor was in danger, the high sounding resolutions of the Republican Executive Committee shrink into very faulty insignificance indeed.

There was no excitement about the *Record* office last night or yesterday afternoon. However, it was learned that there is a liberal supply of firearms about the building.

REHERSALS BEGIN MONDAY.

Mrs. Lillian Tucker Vaught and Mr. Vaught arrived Last Night—A Strong Company.

The STAR announced last Sunday morning that The Lillian Tucker Opera Company would begin in this city August 29th a two week's series of rehearsals before starting out on their tour for this season. Last night Lillian Tucker, Mrs. Lillian Tucker Vaught as she is known in private life, and her husband, Mr. C. C. Vaught, arrived here from Chicago and are registered at The Orton. Others of the twenty-two members of the troup, will arrive during to-morrow and Monday and rehearsals will begin Monday or Tuesday in the Opera House.

Lillian Tucker is an actress of considerable reputation and she has gathered about her a support, the personnel of which gives abundant promise of an unusually strong company. STAR readers will remember that the company will open a week's public engagment here September 12th.

NEW TRAVELLING AGENT.

Mr. Will. H. Harrison, who has so acceptably filled the position of Travelling Agent and Correspondent of THE MORNING STAR for nearly a year past, has resigned that position to engage in other business, and is succeeded by Mr. James Pearsall, of Dunn. Mr. Pearsall has travelled extensively the territory in which the STAR circulates so largely, and is in every way thoroughly qualified for the work he has undertaken. We commend him to our friends, and will appreciate any courtesies he may receive at their hands.

In Squire Fowler's Court.

In Justice Fowler's court yesterday William Freeman, colored, was convicted of wilful trespass upon the premises of James Smith, colored, and fined a penny and costs, in default of which he was sent to jail. Justice Fowler had one other case in which a negro women was arraigned for cruelty to animals. She lives in Cape Fear township and the charge was that she whipped a cow unmercifully with a fence rail and also threw a hatchet at her. Squire Fowler ruled that the charge was not sustained by the evidence introduced and dismissed the case. Herbert McClammy, Esq., was counsel for the defence.

"Brothers Perry" Can't Come.

Secretary Diggs of the Y. M. C. A., received notice yesterday that the Star Course attraction for October, as selected by the committee, could not fill the engagement, and it will be necessary for the Entertainment committee to meet and select a substitute. The attraction was "Brothers Perry," a musical carnival company in which playing a variety of glass vessels is a specialty. While this is a very desirable attraction there are others equally as good which are available.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

N. C. VOLUNTEERS.

Ready to Doff their Uniforms and Return to the Quiet But More Lucrative Walks of Civil Life.

[*Savannah Morning News.*]

Even the North Carolina Volunteers at Tybee, with all the advantages of a first-class seaside resort, are desirous of quitting the military service, doffing their uniforms and returning to the quiet but more lucrative walks of civil life.

There are too companies of volunteers from the old "Tar Heel State" down on the island, Company A, of Fayetteville, commanded by Capt. Huske, and Company E, of Greenville, commanded by Capt. Smith. There are 212 men, exclusive of officers, and out of this number it is doubtful if over twelve want to do police duty for the next eighteen months at Santiago or San Juan.

A number of the North Carolinians have been in the city the past two days. Yesterday several of them were asked what was the desire of the privates as talked of among themselves. All said that the chief desire of the men now is to get back home, into their regular occupations, and make up for lost time. Company A, it is said, either has gotten up a petition to be mustered out, or will start one at once.

"We have had all the soldiering we want unless there is an absolute necessity for our staying in the business," said one of the men. "We do not want to become professional soldiers and follow the business for the balance of our days. Some of the officers, I guess, wouldn't object to doing so, but the privates want to get back home just as soon as the government can dispense with their services. That is the truth of the situation. The officers would doubtless feel the same way if they were privates. But, of course, they wouldn't acknowledge it. I gave up a job that paid me $1,000 a year and expenses to go into the army and do not regret that I did so. At the same time, I do not want to be kept in because some men who perhaps did not make as much sacrifice as I did think they have got pretty good jobs and are patriots enough to want to stick. You can put it down that we don't want eighteen months of garrison work."

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

At Burgaw, Pender county (Court week), Monday, September 12th.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, 12th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 A. M. Sunday School 3 P. M.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services, with sermon and sweet singing, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 3.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

See Our Display of Fine Fruits To-day.

BANANAS
12 and 15c dozen.

NOTICE.—On October 15th we will remove to the Store now occupied by W. H. Green & Co., Druggists, No. 119 Market St.

LOOK OUT FOR OUR BIG OPENING!

PALACE BAKERY.
au 27 tf

Well Dressed Beef and Mutton,

Lamb, Veal or Pork, of the finest quality and flavor, is always at your disposal, at the lowest prices, as this market. If you have not favored us with your patronage heretofore, a test of our high grade meats, cut in an expert manner for your table, will prove so satisfactory that you will always remain a customer.

I. B. RHODES.
au 27 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HAVE
Not Made Peace.
On the contrary we are still waging
A Bitter Warfare
against high prices on
Hardware and House Furnishings.

* * Come what will, the fight is
* * going to be kept up as long
* * as we stay in the business,
* * and this means that the
* * PLACE TO BUY anything
* * in the

HARDWARE LINE
at Rock Bottom Prices is at
J. W. Murchison's,
au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Your Opportunity.

Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. Meats of all kinds, it stands to reason we
Should Have Your Trade
or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry
RIBS, BUTTS, BELLIES, LARD, GRAIN, FLOUR, CIGARS.
If you are looking for the right place to spend your money, we are the people.
Vollers & Hashagen,
Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.
au 21 tf

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.
Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.
Aluminum Pocket Seals,
The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.
A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport
STEAMBOAT LINE.
Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.
Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.
Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.
9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.
Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.
J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

LIVERPOOL SALT.
600 Bags 100 Salt.
300 Bags 125 Salt.
200 Bags 180 Salt.
700 Bags 200 Salt.
100 Bags Table Salt.
25 Barrels Pocket Salt.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
550 Barrels Flour.
900 Bags Flour.
W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
au 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.
Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 5 and 9.30 P. M.
On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.
The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.
GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

St. Paul's Academy
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.
Students Thoroughly Prepared for
COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.
Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month.
For information apply to
E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal,
215 North Seventh street,
or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 19 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY
Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19. A home School, preparing thoroughly for
Business or College,
saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.
W. Gaither,
au 13 6w 120 North Fifth street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.35 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

THAT PENITENTIARY REPORT.

After eight months and much public clamor, supplemented by a blunt demand from Governor Russell, who got tired of being held as a party to ex-Superintendent Smith's dodging, that long-delayed, loudly called-for report has made its appearance, or rather two reports—one being in the shape of a letter to the Governor by Chairman Dockery, explaining and apologizing for the delay, and eulogizing the ex-Superintendent; the other an alleged report by the ex-Superintendent, eulogizing himself and his management.

The surprising thing about these reports is that the former should have been deemed necessary when the ex-Superintendent could talk for himself, and that the report should have been withheld so long and require so much drumming to bring it to light when it showed such splendid management by the man whom Governor Russell so unceremoniously bounced. But Governor Russell was evidently quite unaware of the valuable services this distinguished ex-Superintendent was rendering the State until he learned it from the eight months incubated report of the gentleman himself.

Both the Hon. Claudius Dockery, chairman of the Board of Agriculture, and ex-Superintendent Smith take swipes at Hon. A. Leazer, the former Superintendent, who preceded Smith and turned over the Penitentiary and State farms to him. Some of these swipes were such gross misrepresentations that Mr. Leazer felt called upon to expose them, which he does in a letter under date of the 24th instant, addressed to the Raleigh *Post*. Speaking of Dockery's apology for the delay in preparing the report, he says:

"Mr. Dockery says: 'Theoretically, the law requires the report of the superintendent of the State's prison shall be made on the first day of January.' I affirm that it can be done, and practically always has been done heretofore. And if a few days' delay were necessary, how does he account for a delay of eight months, and then respond only upon the demand of the Chief Executive forced by the public clamor?

"Both of these officials affirm in this so-called report that Superintendent Smith took charge of the penitentiary April 1, 1897. The records show that he qualified on the 5th of March, 1897, and he notified me the same day, whereupon I at once turned over the whole business, and after that never contracted for a cent, never collected a cent, never paid out a cent. The statement, therefore, that I was responsible for any business of the penitentiary, outgoing or incoming, after the 5th of March, is without foundation.

"It is stated in Mr. Dockery's letter (or report) that 'Mr. Smith found all the farms in a very backward state of preparation; and indeed upon some of them very little at all had been done toward making the new crop.' Mr. Dockery does not seem to recollect that in the first month of the Fusion administration, between the 20th and 27th of March, a committee of his board, Messrs. Clark, Perkins and Cotton, together with the superintendent, visited all the penitentiary farms, for the purpose of inspecting and receiving the property. I heard all the members of the committee, especially Mr. Clark, as also the superintendent, express astonishment and delight at the advanced and careful preparation of the lands, Mr. Clark asserting that he believed there was no farm in the State in such good condition as that before him. This misstatement is so palpable that it vitiates all other statements made. The truth is, there were not less than 7,000 acres of these lands beautifully and thoroughly prepared by the 20th of March. If nothing had been done, which I say again is absolutely false, why did the incoming administration employ my supervisors to remain and make the crop? And if nothing had been done till the 1st of April, how was such a large crop made that year?

"As to supplies on hand, the fusionists seem to have expected that the Democrats should have provided at least a year's rations of flour, meat, etc., for their benefit. We usually bought such things of this kind as they were needed every month, and we expected them to do likewise or as they deemed best. It is admitted that there was no corn to reach corn again, because every one knows the July flood of 1896 destroyed the whole corn crop except about 20,000 bushels.

"Much ado is made by these officials because they found amongst nearly 400 mules and horses a very few sick, disabled or worn out animals. We found it necessary every year to dispose of inefficient stock, and to place them with others fit for the service. We found the penitentiary in 1893 with 210 mules and horses. We added just about that number of young and vigous animals during our term, and the average of the whole was very high to any one capable of judging and who is not determined to misrepresent.

"If Mr. Smith sold 831 bales of cotton for $20,061.72, as he reports, then he received only about 5 cents per pound for it. Hundreds of bales were sold in February at an average of 6½ cents in Norfolk, equivalent to 6¾ at home markets, and the price was ¼ to ½ cent higher in April than in February. It is not to be forgotten by these guardians of the State's interests, that a large part of the fertilizers, several hundred tons, were brought from parties who bought much of the cotton; and for these, several dollars more per ton were paid than the stuff was offered at by other responsible parties. Certainly this could not prove less than the baldest incompetency. According to the code of ethics of the late Ben Butler, a man might prefer to be called a knave than a fool.

"The officials find much fault with the Democratic administration because their superintendent, they allege, exerted great influence to prevent an appropriation by the last General Assembly for the penitentiary for the years 1897 and 1898. The superintendent differed with Governor Carr as to the necessity for an appropriation, and declined to recommend it, though the governor did. When asked by the superintendent-to-be and by the Legislative committee on penal institutions to recommend an appropriation, he declined to do so, saying that it should not be necessary and that the penitentiary could be sustained in the future as it had been in 1896, without the people's taxes. Some other persons, very few, may have asked my opinion about an appropriation; and if so, I made the same answer. It is strangely paradoxical to charge that I had any influence at all with that mob called the General Assembly of 1897. I had no influence at all with them, and desired none."

Both of these documents, Dockery's letter and Smith's so-called report, prove too much, for they show evident collusion between Dockery and Smith to saddle blame on ex-Superintendent Leazer, concerning whom they had not said a word until they were forced to speak through these documents. There was no occasion for Dockery to say anything more than to inform the Governor of the transmission of the report and give, if he saw fit, the reasons why it took so long to produce it. He simply, in the effort to render his party service, sent in this misrepresenting apology as a supplement to Mewborne's offensive answer to Mr. Simmons, but the public understand that quite as well as they do Mewborne's letter and understand the motive that inspired it.

The ex-Superintendent's report, so-called, proves too much, for while he had the reputation of being incompetent if not corrupt, it shows that he was doing splendidly (for he says so himself,) thereby establishing either the prejudice or the blindness of the Governor, who turned him down as grossly incompetent if not corrupt, when he was showing such remarkable ability, zeal and fidelity, as set forth in that eight months collaborated report. How it could be possible that such a splendid manager of convicts, horses, mules and land should have achieved the reputation of an incompetent is one of the latter day puzzles which is quite as mystifying as how it is that a free silver Pop. who professes to believe in "principle" can fuse with and support a gold standard Republican, as some some of them are now doing.

There are a good many thin things in this report that these gentlemen will be called upon to rise and explain before they get through.

JUMPING-JACK BUTLER.

A week or so ago Senator Butler made a speech at Houston, Texas, in which he, as reported by wire, surrendered to the Middle-of-the-road faction, and declared that he would call the Populist national convention at least a month in advance of the meeting of other conventions so as to forestall any movement for fusion.

Now he is orating in Colorado, where he seems to have found a fusion sentiment, and is quoted as urging in a speech delivered at Denver, "co-operation between his party and all other friends of free silver."

In Texas he is an anti-co-operationist, in Colorado for co-operation. At the next place, he will be for co-operation or against it, as the sentiment happens to be in that domain. Butler always keeps a couple strings hitched to his views, and is ready to pull either string as it may suit for the time being or the sentiments of those addressed. As far as policies or fixed principles are concerned he hasn't any, but is fish, flesh, or fowl as circumstances may suggest, a regular jumping-jack who performs his little part and fancies he is leading while he is only cavorting. He talks about "his party," but he hasn't any party, what there is left of it is split up into factions, and he doesn't amount to much in either faction.

FOR WHITE SUPREMACY.

We publish in this issue of the STAR the constitution of the White Government Union, and the plan of organization. This is an organization which has been called forth by the peculiar and threatening condition of affairs in our State. There is nothing secret about it, nothing in it that any patriotic, law-abiding white man cannot subscribe to. It openly proclaims its purpose, which is to rescue North Carolina from the domination of the mongrel power which has brought disgrace upon her, and restore the white supremacy which was dethroned when this mongrel power got possession of the State.

Every white man in the State old enough to vote, who believes that white rule is better than mongrel rule, or negro rule, who believes that the white people who bear the burden of taxation to pay the expenses of government should have a voice in the government, should become a member of this organization and work for better, more honest and more economical management of our public affairs.

Every white man, whether he pay much taxes or little, or no taxes at all, who believes in the sanctity of the home, in giving protection to wives and daughters from insult and assault by brutal negroes should join this organization and work for the protection of the loved ones at home.

This is what this organization is for, to bring State-loving, family-loving, self-respecting white men together to make a united effort for North Carolina's redemption from the mongrels, and for the restoration and perpetuation of white supremacy.

MINOR MENTION.

The fearful penalty that Spain has paid for the misgovernment of her colonies, for her obstinacy in refusing to listen to the complaints of the oppressed, and for her stupidity in going to war with the United States under the delusion that the American people were devoid of fighting qualities, is being forcibly brought home to her since the return of her vanquished armies. Not to speak of her loss of highly-prized territory, which she boastingly declared she would never surrender, she has lost 50,000 by death of the 225,000 men she sent to the Antilles since March, 1895, and 78,000 more have returned invalids, while the death list is large among those who still remain in Cuba, and many more will fill graves, or be buried in the sea, before the last of the survivors reach Spain. Over half that came have died or gone home invalids, and yet proud, misguided, stupid Spain loses all that she obstinately contended for, when by the exercise of sensible statesmanship and common humanity she might have saved all, and her honor, too. Men pay the penalty of their transgressions in this world or in the next; nations pay them in this. Spain's retribution has been fearful but she invited it by systematic folly that has never been equalled in modern times.

POINTS POLITICAL.

WILL VOTE IT NO MORE.

We hear of many men (and we know their names) in every town in Chatham, who have heretofore voted the Populist and Republican ticket, and who now say that they will not vote it again.—*Chatham Record.*

A COLORED VIEW OF IT.

A Lumberton negro was discussing politics last week and was heard to say that a white man didn't have any business in the Republican party and a negro had no business being a Democrat. He said further that if asked his politics he could answer very easily. He was a Republican because it was the party of his color. —*Lumberton Robesonian.*

COMING IN CABARRUS.

We are greatly encouraged with the news that all over the county where there are Populists the Democrats will make appreciable gains. The Populists are beginning to see their great mistake and are setting themselves right. Many will come straight into the Democratic convention, others will vote the ticket and some that have been rather vehement in their advocacy will take little interest in the election. It seems to be so all over the State. *Concord Standard.*

THEY SEE IT.

In view of the large majority against us two years ago, we are asked how we expect to carry the county and State. Why, we expect many good men who are Republicans to vote with us this year in the election of State and against negro domination. We expect very many Populists who must now see the error of their past course, and that their party has no future save to trade for office, to vote with us. They now see that negroes would not be in office and power over white folks if the Republican was not in power, and that Populist votes put the Republican party in power.—*Burlington News.*

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHITE SUPREMACY.

Self-Preservation is the First Law of Nature.

White Men Must Unite to Protect Their Homes and Their Families From Insult and Assault, and Their State from Negro Rule.

North Carolina is the only State in the Union where the laws are so framed as to give the negroes a controlling voice in the government of the State, counties and municipalities, and it is the only State where the negroes are asserting that right. To prevent this it is necessary for the white men of the State, who believe in white supremacy, to come together, stand together and work together, that white supremacy may be restored and the State saved from negro domination. As a means to this end the WHITE GOVERNMENT UNION has been established, and should have on its rolls the name of every self-respecting, family loving, State-loving white man in the State. The following is the constitution and plan of organization:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

The name of the organization shall be THE WHITE GOVERNMENT UNION.

ARTICLE II.

The purpose of the organization shall be to re-establish in North Carolina the SUPREMACY of the WHITE RACE; to promote individual effort in behalf of the party and its candidates on the part of the voters, and to bring the head of the organization in the counties and State more closely and easily in touch with the township organizations, and the individual party voter.

ARTICLE III.

Neither Oaths, Grips, Signs, nor Passwords shall be allowed.

Any Union may, if it so desires, adopt a badge, button, insignia or uniform.

ARTICLE IV.

The organization shall be divided into County Unions and Township Unions.

ARTICLE V.

Every WHITE MAN who desires WHITE GOVERNMENT in North Carolina, and is willing to use every practicable and honorable means to restore WHITE SUPREMACY therein, and who proposes to support candidates pledged to effect that purpose, in the ensuing election, shall be eligible to membership of the Township Union.

ARTICLE VI.

The County Union shall be composed exclusively of the chairmen of the several Township Unions, and the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the county, who shall preside over its meetings.

ARTICLE VII.

Each Township Union shall elect a President, Vice-President, and such other officers as may be deemed proper, and the President of each Township Union shall be, ex officio, a member of the County Union.

ARTICLE VIII.

The Unions will meet at least once a month, but the work shall be constant, and each member of the Township Union will be advised by the President of his Union as to the work expected of him, and he will report, from time to time, personally to the President as to the progress he is making.

ARTICLE IX.

The Township Unions will be purely working bodies, and their work will be:

1. To organize, register and bring out the party vote in the township.

2. To ascertain and report to the State and County Chairman the doubtful and floating voters in the township, to the end that they may supplement the efforts of the Union to win the votes of such voters for the party, by sending literature, public speakers, etc.

3. To arrange and organize, for effective party work, at the polls on the day of election.

4. To foster and stimulate individual work on the part of the members of the Union in securing a full registration, in winning doubtful and floating voters, and in persuading those white men, who have been alienated from the Democratic party, of their duty to their race, themselves, and their families.

ARTICLE X.

The object of the County Union is—

1. To secure concert of action between the several Township Unions in the county.

2. For the purpose of discussing with the Chairman of the County Executive Committee and determining questions relating to matters of organization and party work.

3. Arranging for speaking in different parts of the county, and providing attractions and means for securing large attendance at such meetings.

4. For the purpose of receiving from the County Chairman such literature as he may have for distribution among the members of their respective Unions.

5. For receiving instructions concerning any plan of campaign that the State or county Chairman may desire to put in operation through the Unions in the county, and to agree upon a programme to secure concert of action in inaugurating such work or plan of campaign.

ARTICLE XI.

Each Union shall be permitted, if it sees fit to do so, to admit as members women, and boys under twenty-one years old, but such members shall not be entitled to vote.

ARTICLE XII.

In addition to the individual work, before provided for, it shall be the duty of the members of these Unions to promote, in every honorable and legitimate way, the success of the Democratic party, and the success of its candidates, by assisting in the advertisement of Democratic meetings, and in securing the attendance at these meetings of as large crowds as possible; in distributing Democratic literature; in registering Democratic voters, and in ascertaining and reporting the names of all doubtful voters.

ARTICLE XIII.

It shall be the duty of the voting members of the Union to attend at the polls on election day, and, if practicable for them to do so, to give their whole time, on election day, to the service of the party.

ARTICLE XIV.

The Unions, in their organized capacity, shall not seek to influence the nominations of candidates, nor to influence conventions. Their work will be confined to building up and promoting the interests of the party generally, and the election of candidates, after the same have been regularly nominated, and inculcating among the people the necessity of restoring white supremacy, as the only hope for the preservation of our civilization.

ARTICLE XV.

Each Union shall have power to adopt all such by-laws and regulations as it shall find convenient or necessary, and it shall appoint such committees and elect such additional officers as it sees fit.

HOW TO ORGANIZE.

The Chairman of the State Committee will send, immediately, into a number of the Congressional Districts, District Organizers, who will go into each county and organize one or more Unions, and leave with the County Chairman the necessary blanks, Constitution By-Laws, etc. The County Chairman will become County Organizer, and he is expected to press the work, and to fully organize his county during the month of August.

If it shall be decided to organize sub-Unions in any township, they shall be numbered and known as Sub-Unions, according to their numerical number.

The Union will be working bodies, not dress parade organizations Important work will be assigned to each member.

This work will be such as he can perform without loss of time from his own business. It will be such work as he can do, and no work will be assigned to any member to which he objects, and no work will be assigned to any member which is not honorable, legitimate and proper.

The Democratic party will appeal to the honor, character and highest aspirations of the people, and it will condemn any except honorable methods of campaigning.

The State Committee believes that a man can render the party better service by being a member than remaining outside. But no man's Democracy or fealty shall be brought into question because he does not join. The propriety of joining is left to each person.

The State Committee has a definite plan of campaign which it will put into effect this year, and these Unions will be a powerful ally, because for the first time definite, well-considered work will be assigned to each man.

CALL ON OR WRITE TO THE CHAIRMAN OF YOUR COUNTY DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS AND THE NECESSARY PAPERS

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Maxton *Scottish Chief:* On Wednesday last Mr. Eugene Joyce, who lived near McGirt's Bridge in Richmond county, died after a illness of several weeks with typhoid fever. Only last week he was considered much better, but on Monday a relapse set in which proved fatal.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer:* The heaviest rain that has visited this section in several years fell last Friday night. Crops were greatly damaged and the land badly washed. Rocky river was the fullest it has been in a long time and much corn was ruined by it. Not much damage was done by Pee Dee river.

— Tarboro *Southerner:* Saturday night about 8.30 o'clock, Mr. William Sorey, manager of the Gold Hill dairy, left home to do some shopping in town. He left only his wife and children at home. He had only gone a short distance when his wife's screams caused him to run back. Upon reaching the house Mrs. Sorey notified him that some one had attempted to break into the window. He ran out and saw a man running for the woods. A vigorous chase ensued, but the rascal escaped.

— Monroe *Journal:* Mr. W. L. Cuthbertson died at his home in Vance township last Saturday morning, aged 41 years. He had been sick about two weeks of fever, but death was caused by congestion of the lungs. —— Last Friday the wife and children of Sam Cuthbertson, colored, who lives near Mr. J. H. McCollum, were crossing Stewart's Fork on a foot log. The woman had gotten all the children across except a twelve-year-old daughter, and went back for her. As they were crossing the creek, which was swollen by the recent rains, the child fell off the log, pulling the woman in the creek with her. The woman succeeded in getting out, but the girl was drowned, her body being found afterwards quite a considerable distance down the creek.

TWINKLINGS.

— Summer Excitement: "What is that crowd?" "I don't know. Either Hobson is in town or shirt waists are marked down to nineteen cents."—*Chicago Record.*

— Partisan Devotion: "You seem to have unbounded confidence in President McKinley." "Confidence? I would lend him my new wheel."—*Chicago Record.*

— Mother—"Some men, you know, can be coaxed when they cannot be driven." Married Daughter—"Oh, yes; but I should hate to be compelled to resort to persuasion."—*Puck.*

— They Are Game: "I want to say one thing for them Spaniards," said the fat man with the celluloid collar. "They ain't never tried to blame it on the umpire."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Papa—"My child, if I should die penniless, are you well prepared to fight your way in the battle of life? Blanche—"I think so, father; I've been through three engagements already."—*Truth.*

— After a quarrel with his wife, who violently expressed a wish that he were dead, an Irishman said: "Oh, it's a widow you're wating to be, is it? Bedad, I'll take good care you're no widow as long as I live!"—*Tit-Bits.*

— He Had Not Noticed It: "I s'pose you noticed that the war had quite a religious flavor?" "No, In what way?" "All the yachts were converted and many of the rumors were confirmed."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— An officer in the army, seated at the table d'hote of a hotel, looking significantly at a clergyman opposite, said: "If I had a son who was an idiot I would make him a clergyman." "Evidently your father was not of that opinion," quietly responded the *Tit-Bits.*

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

PLACING HIS TALENTS.

The Shrewd Old Farmer Saw Where His Son Properly Belonged.

"Father, I'm vanquished," sighed the young man in soft raiment and long hair who had just come from the city to the old homestead. "The world is too much for me. I wrote. My poems and my stories were rejected. I painted. There was no market for my pictures. I lectured on scientific subjects. The expenditure was always more than were the receipts. I flirted with fortune on the market. She jilted me. I tried a clerkship. My mind was not on my business, and I was discharged. I became an insurance agent. Not a policy could I place. In sheer desperation I became a politician. I failed and paid all attendant expenses. I loathe the past. The future offers me nothing."

"My poor, poor boy," said the fond mother as she wiped her glasses. "You know the home is always here."

"You bet it is," from the father with square jaws and snapping blue eyes. "It's been here all the time you've been spending our hard earned money trying to do something easy that you're not fitted for. I don't want no healthy young man that weighs 180 pounds whining around me, throwing up his hands and saying there's nothing in the world for him to do. I'll show you different. Go up stairs and get into that old blue jean suit of yours, change that white linen for a Hickory shirt, put on them cowhide boots you left in the closet when you went out to conquer America and grease 'em. Then go along with me. I'm breaking up that ten acre field of stump land, and I'll start you on an honorable career that you're liable to succeed in. No coaxing now, mother. What this young man needs is sand, and I'll have him pumped full of it by fall. Get into your uniform, my son."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. MCNEILL,
August 6, 1898. Chairman.

Bears the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		6½@	7
Standard		7 @	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 50
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	22
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	40
Virginia Meal		@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	22
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	30
EGGS—℔ dozen	12	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 75	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	32½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½@		2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½@		7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	11 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	10
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 00
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔— Standard Gran'd	5½@		5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 30	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 26½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 26 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, quiet, 26½c. 26c; rosin quiet, $1.15, $1.20; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	108
Rosin	419
Tar	223
Crude turpentine	54

Receipts same day last year—196 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 132 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5¼c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 2 13-16 cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary 4½ " "
Low Middling 4 13-16 " "
Middling 5¼ " "
Good Middling 5½ " "

Same day last year, middling 7⅛c.

Receipts—8 bales; same day last year, 6.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spansh 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00 to 1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five-inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-six, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch; $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Money on call firm at 1¾@2½ per cent., last loan being at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange weaker; actual business in bankers' bills 485@485½ for demand; 483¼@483½ for sixty days. Posted rates 484@484½ and 486. Commercial bills 482¾. Silver certificates 59½@61. Bar silver 60¼. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds steady; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127@128; do. coupon, 127@128; U. S. 4's 111@112; do. coupon, 111½@112½; U. S. 2's, 98; U. S. 5's, registered, 112@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@118. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, August 26.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 26.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales 803 casks; receipts 1,189 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,640 barrels; receipts 3,960 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, August 26.—The small volume of spot business in Liverpool and the weakness of the English cotton market for futures, as indicated by early cables, was a disappointment in view of the steadiness developed yesterday by our market, which opened to-day at a decline of 1@3 points, steady in tone. Later, there was a rally, without anything in particular to explain it, and prices worked up to a net gain of 3@5 points on yesterday's figures. Still later the market eased off again, but steadied near the close. There was an absence of support of any kind and most of the time the market dragged. This was the first day for notices of intention to deliver cotton on September contracts; these only amounted to 3,000 to 5,000 bales, easily and promptly taken care of. One element of news calculated to increase caution was the yellow fever talk. It was reported that yellow fever had been discovered on the outskirts of

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* [signature] *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WHALE HUNTING.

First American Whaler Was Accused of Sorcery—Valuable Catches.

The whale fisheries pursued for many years with great profit to the whalers of Massachusetts and Long Island are now but a shadow of their former proportions. Forty years ago nearly 600 whaling vessels sailed from New Bedford, Mass., and returned with oil and whalebone worth nearly $7,000,000. Whale oil then sold for $2.75 a gallon and whalebone was worth $6 a pound. Now that the whaling grounds have been denuded of their riches, the docks of New Bedford are almost deserted of whalers, for few fishermen are hardy enough to venture into antarctic waters, where the remnants of formerly vast schools of whales fled for security.

The whaling industry is one of the oldest in America. It was established in 1755. It reached its most profitable period 95 years later. Since 1860 it has been decreasing in importance and profit. Today it adds very little to the wealth of New Bedford.

A writer in The Fishing Gazette says: "One William Hamilton was the first person who killed whales on the New England coast. He was born in Scotland in 1643 and, coming to this country in the early part of his life, took up his residence at Cape Cod, where he was persecuted by the inhabitants for killing whales as one who dealt with evil spirits. Whaling was afterward carried on by a Mr Paddock, who went to Nantucket about the middle of 1680 for the purpose of instructing the English in the art of whaling in boats from the shore, which business continued good and profitable till the year 1760, when it diminished in consequence of the scarcity of whales. In 1718 whales were pursued on the ocean in small sloops and schooners of from 30 to 50 tons. The blubber was brought home and tried or boiled in try houses. A few years later vessels of larger burden were employed and the oil boiled out in try works at sea.

"The most valuable catch ever made by a whaleship was that of the Onward, Captain Allen, which arrived in New Bedford after a 41 months' cruise with a cargo worth over $275,000, of which the captain's share was $33,000. The total value of the whole product of the whales brought into New Bedford during the 52 years for which a record has been kept is more than $145,000,000.

"The average ship, carrying a crew of 30 hands, used to cost about $35,000. The ships were owned by companies, which supplied provisions and clothing and all the necessaries of the voyage and advanced certain sums of money for the captain and his crew to leave for the support of their families while they were away. No wages were paid to either the officers or the sailors, but each had his share in the proceeds of the voyage, and the balance was divided among the stockholders when they returned. The captains and mates were hardy New Englanders, but the crews were mostly Portuguese from the Canary, Madeira and Azore islands."

The North Carolina

College of Agriculture

AND

Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY, RALEIGH, N. C.

je 28 tf.

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.

je 2 tf

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md.

jy 27 2m we sa

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

HAD TO DRINK RUM OR DIE.

John McCormick Kept Busy the Verdigris Factory He Carried In His Body.

"He was a man of healthy appearance, who at no time showed, physically or mentally, signs of dissipation or excess, yet he kept himself constantly under the influence of liquor," said Alden Preston, a traveling salesman, speaking of a man whom he met in Chicago. "I saw John McCormick often at the Leland House. He had a government contract for dredging in the lake and staid a great deal at this hotel, which was conveniently near his work. After I had got somewhat acquainted with him I noted the regularity with which he would go to the bar for a drink. His tipple was always rum, and the drink was a stiff one. After we had got further along in our acquaintance he told me the reason for his constant drinking.

"'My life depends on it,' he said. 'The rum counteracts the poison of a copper bullet that I carry in my body. An Indian in Central America shot me five years ago. I was one of a party of Americans prospecting for minerals in a wild region that we had entered against the advice of friends who knew the country. The Indians of that region were fighters and were bound that no white man should settle or work in their country. They had firearms, and for bullets used copper nuggets that they found in the beds of the streams and hammered out round. When they jumped us, three of our party of seven got away, I carrying this bullet in my back.

"'There was no doctor in the country where we were that I could trust to extract the bullet, but the wound healed after a fashion. Before I got back to New York, which I reached as soon as I could, I had suffered a great deal from copper poisoning, but had made the discovery that rum was an antidote to the verdigris that constantly was forming in my body and that I could be comfortable as long as I kept myself half full of this liquor. The best physicians in America have advised me not to risk the operation of having the bullet extracted, as blood poisoning would be very liable to follow it. So I still carry the copper bullet in my body and take this remedy for its bad effects.

"'How much rum should you guess that I drink in a day and every day? A quart? Two quarts? Try again. Double that. Never less than a gallon of Santa Cruz, Jamaica, or New England rum, according as I find one or another the best brand to be found at the place where I chance to be. A pretty stiff allowance of grog to work on, you'd think, but it just keeps me right. Those dredges out in the lake are mine and every scoopful of mud that comes up means 20 cents in my pocket, so I can afford to drink some. It's time for me to take my medicine again.'"—New York Sun.

An Oriental Savage.

King Chulalongkorn of Siam is much interested in the eruptions of Vesuvius, and his last pleasure trip on European soil was the ascent of the volcano. At the crater he had the guide throw in several gold and silver coins as an offering to the elements. The guide retained the pieces and substituted for them copper, whereupon the king had him arrested and wished to throw him into the crater himself, in accordance with oriental ideas of punishment, but the laws of Italy would not allow it.

The greatest swarm of locusts ever known invaded South Africa 100 years ago. They were driven into the sea by a north wind, and the waves threw them back, a bank of dead locusts from 3 to 6 feet deep being formed for 50 miles along the coast.

A leading feature of Roman architecture was the bathhouse. Of these there were 856 public in Rome, 50 of which could accommodate 1,800 bathers at the same time.

Constantinople has about 875,000 inhabitants, of whom 155,000 are Greeks and 150,000 Armenians and less than 400,000 Moslems.

The average number of novels issued 100 years ago in America and Great Britain was 16. Now the average is two or three a day.

The most remarkable impostor was George Psalmanazar, who invented a language and wrote a literature in it.

DIDN'T KNOW ADOLPHUS.

He Was No Cad, but Merely Demonstrating the Value of His Goods.

The young man who had insinuated himself into the acquaintance of everybody in the party was a striking example of how the bitter may be mingled with the sweet. The young women pronounced him lovely, and the young men linked his name with fierce though unuttered maledictions. It was a striking illustration of the ease with which a man's motives may be misjudged. His first name was Adolphus, which fact was calculated to damage his popularity among the men from the first.

They were admiring the scenery.

"See how that mountain rises in the distance," exclaimed one girl.

"It's great," said Charley Chuggins, with enthusiasm.

"You wouldn't think it's as big as it really is, to look at it from here," remarked Dicky Dodd.

"You'd think it was big enough if you had to walk to the top, as I have," commented Billy Bliven vivaciously.

"It reminds me," Adolphus murmured, "that the heights by great men reached and kept were not attained by sudden flight, but they, while their companions slept, were toiling upward in the night."

The young men glared at him, but one of the girls whispered to the others:

"Isn't he lovely?"

"Have you heard about Mame's engagement?" one of the young women remarked, after a pause.

"Yes," replied another. "She has broken it. He has sent her back all her letters and she has returned his ring."

Billy Bliven was about to offer some opinion when Adolphus interjected:

"To the noble mind rich gifts wax poor when donors prove unkind."

The girls looked at one another with ecstatic approval.

"Mame is a nice girl," said one. Then, turning to Adolphus, she said, "Do you know her?"

"Yes," he answered. "I met her once and found her charming. When she had passed, it seemed like the ceasing of exquisite music."

"The trouble was that she thought he was marrying her for her money," commented the informant.

"Ah," came the response, with a deep sigh, "to whom can riches give repute or trust, content or pleasure, but the good and just?"

"I honestly think that Mame feels worse about it than he does," commented the informant.

"Yes," said Adolphus. "Man's love is of man's life a thing apart; 'tis woman's whole existence."

He had the conversation all his own way after that. Some of the other young men talked about baseball and kindred topics, but most of them lagged along in gloomy silence. When the girls had left them, they got together and held an indignation meeting.

"It's an outrage," said one.

"I'll bet he's an unmitigated cad," exclaimed another, who had not observed the approach of Adolphus.

"Anything going wrong?" asked that young gentleman genially.

"Yes, there is something going wrong," replied Billy Bliven, who is noted for his directness of speech. "We don't like the way you talk. We are plain people, and we're tired of hearing you try to show off every time any of us opens his mouth."

"I think I have succeeded in making an impression on the ladies," replied Adolphus complacently.

"You don't expect us to be happy over that, do you, when the means by which you did it was to provoke comparisons to our disadvantage?"

"I can understand your feelings. But you can't blame a man for doing business in a businesslike manner," he proceeded soothingly.

"Do you mean to say that you make a business of this sort of thing?"

"Every man who engages in commerce ought to be prepared to demonstrate the value of his wares. That," he went on, while reaching into his inside vest pocket, "is what I have been engaged in doing for your benefit. I have here a little volume for which I am sole agent. It is entitled 'Conversation Made Easy; or, One Thousand Selected Quotations Suited to All Emergencies.' The type is clear, the paper good, and yet it is so compact that it may be carried without attracting attention, so as to be available for any occasion. The publishers of this work are not mercenary persons. Realizing that the love of money is the root of all evil, they are content to do good by stealth and blush to find it fame. I am, for that reason, enabled to offer you this work, whose value is inestimable, at the absurdly low figure of $2 a copy."—Washington Star.

A Genuine Delight.

"There is one thing which gratifies a woman more than all things else."

"And what is that?"

"Being told that other women are jealous of her."—Chicago Record.

"Educated, by Jove!"

At a leading New England college some years ago when the commencement exercises were over and the diplomas had been distributed, says D. S. Sanford in The Atlantic, a member of the graduating class, who had been more distinguished by conviviality than studiousness, and who had barely escaped losing his degree, appeared upon the campus and, waving the much prized parchment over his head, shouted gleefully: "Educated, by Jove! Educated!"

The idea expressed by the rollicking student, more in jest than in earnest, illustrates a notion of education which dies hard. The popular prejudice that culture is something extracted from books, picked up in a lecture hall or a laboratory or seized during the fleeting years of one's school or college life is so prevalent that it becomes the obvious duty of the school to press home to the consciousness of every person the conviction that an obligation rests upon him to undertake a course of education lasting throughout his life.

Didn't Live Up to It.

"I never made a promise that I did not live up to," she asserted proudly.

"No?" he said inquiringly.

"No," she said emphatically.

He made no reply. Argument, he knew, was useless. Facts alone would count. Therefore he hunted up a copy of the book of Common Prayer, and when he had found it he turned to the marriage service and where it says "love, honor and obey" he underscored the word "obey."

What happened after that is a matter that does not concern the public. It is enough to know that while there was no doubt that he had proved his point he deeply regretted having done so.—Pearson's Weekly.

Good Veal.

Ella Morris Kretschmar, writing of "Dainty Dishes From Milk Veal" in The Woman's Home Companion, gives these practical directions for recognizing a good article:

"'Milk veal' is the only good veal, and the best period is from 4 to 6 weeks old. The flesh is then a delicate pink, the fat white and clear. If the flesh has a blue tinge and is flabby, it is too young and therefore unwholesome. If it is white, it has been bled before killing and likewise unwholesome. It is very easy to learn to recognize veal at just the right age and in the proper condition. One or two careful inspections and comparisons with that which is undesirable fixes the matter in the mind. Surely it is worth while for every housekeeper to learn this simple lesson, the starting point of so many delightful dishes. Not to learn it simply means disappointment whenever veal is served at one's table, unless the pleasure and convenience of the butcher happen to combine favorably to one's advantage."

Preparing Gold Powder.

Finely powdered gold may be prepared by a most simple process. Fill a small, unglazed, earthenware bowl with common kitchen salt, cover it and expose it for some hours to heat. The stove oven is a good place for it. When the water has all been dried out, put equal quantities of this salt powder and honey on a glass grinding plate and mix in with it the necessary quantity of gold leaf. Grind this up very gently, being careful not to press hard on the mass. The salt acts as a disintegrator, and the honey is used because it will not dissolve the salt. When the gold is reduced to the finest possible powder it must be thoroughly and carefully washed with an abundance of pure water to remove the salt and honey.—New York Ledger.

To Save Worry.

Actress—The fact is I was thinking about my salary.

Manager—Too bad that you should be bothered about it. We'll knock off $5 a week hereafter. The smaller your salary is the less it will trouble you.—Boston Transcript.

Reverse Action.

The Elder Matron—You shouldn't mind the baby crying a little. It strengthens his lungs.

The Younger Matron—Oh, no doubt, but it weakens his father's religion so!—Indianapolis Journal.

Old glass bottles, which are more or less useless, are now ground up and employed as a substitute for sand in the preparation of mortar.

The bottled beer of England requires nearly 70,000 tons of corks yearly.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

au 14 tf

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185.

W. B. McKOY, Attorney.

au 11 30t

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 639, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 105, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning.

W. B. McKOY, Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association.

au 9 20t

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends.

su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

my 12 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington N. C.

my 23 tf

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder nas disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours. Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal,

Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

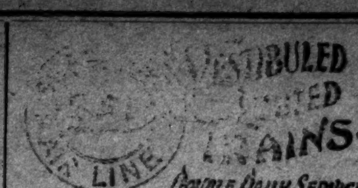
AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf



Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:28 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 30 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 8:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m.. Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m, Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p.m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8:00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS:

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

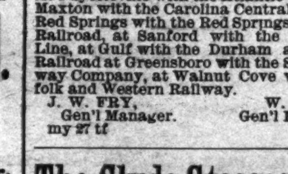
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ....Saturday, August 20th
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 20th
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ....Tuesday, August 23d

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

jy 3 tf

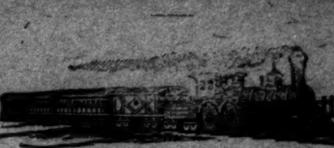
SALEM Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem North Carolina.

au 7 tf*

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11:14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m. Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28, p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m. Sumter 9:22 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m. Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7:20 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1:00 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., *Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., *Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Brunch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7;10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p m Daily except Suuday.

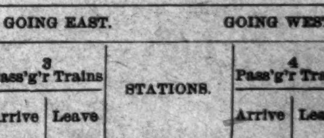
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table no. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

feb 1 tf

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27.

"HURRAH FOR SCHLEY!"

The Hero of the Naval Engagement at Santiago Received an Enthusiastic Greeting in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley reached Washington at 4:10 o'clock this afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad. He was quickly noticed at most of the stations along the line and throughout the trip was greeted by cheering crowds. When the train pulled into the depot here he found a compact mass of spectators which filled the depot and overflowed out into the train shed. The admiral and Mrs. Schley when they appeared were greeted with cheers and shouts of "Hurrah for Schley!" Every body joined in the shouting and the depot attaches crowded about the admiral and insisted on a hand-shake. At the gates the crowd increased and amid deafening cheers the admiral and his wife, the former with his hat off, passed through two solid lines of people. A lieutenant and squad of police with difficulty cleared a passage way to a cab which was in waiting. Through a mass of vehicles that had been drawn up by curious drivers, the cab pulled into Pennsylvania avenue and proceeded directly to the Sherman Hotel. There were groups of cheerers along the way and a cavalcade of cyclists formed a voluntary escort. The admiral stayed only a few minutes at the hotel and then drove over to the Navy Department where, without preliminaries, he reported directly to Acting Secretary Allen. The latter accompanied him over to the White House, reaching there at 4.50 o'clock. The President gave him a cordial reception. He thanked the admiral, as he had Admiral Sampson, for the success of that memorable engagement of July 3d, and took occasion to say that it was that battle which brought about the surrender of Santiago. The President then entered into a discussion of the work of the Porto Rican commission, to which the admiral has been appointed. He went over with him the general instructions which will guide the body in arranging for evacuation of the Spanish from the island, and other work. During most of the conference, which occupied about an hour, Assistant Secretary of State Moore was present. On leaving the President the admiral drove to his hotel. He said his health had improved greatly. He will have another conference with Acting Secretary of the Navy Allen to-morrow morning and probably early in the afternoon will leave for New York. From there he will go back to Westport, Conn. He will spend a few days there before returning here, preliminary to taking up his duties with the commission.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Rathbone Sisters—Next Meeting of Supreme Lodge Will Probably be Held in Detroit—Per Diem Question.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 26.—The Rathbone Sisters this afternoon, after a spirited controversy, adopted an insurance feature, similar to the Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias. The Sisters also voted to affiliate with the National Council of Women, and elected Mrs. Ida M. Weaver, of Boise City, Idaho, a delegate to attend the meeting at Omaha in October.

It is practically conceded that the next meeting will be held at Detroit, though Louisville has not given up the fight by any means.

The investigating committee appointed by the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias held a meeting last night behind closed doors and tried to find out who it was that made the charges against the present Supreme officers, but they made little headway, as those under suspicion were able to prove their innocence. The committee did not report to-day as was expected and has asked for more time.

The question of reducing the per diem of the Supreme representatives to five dollars a day and allowing them mileage at three cents came up again and by an almost unanimous vote it was decided to put the figures back to the original five dollars a day and five cents a mile.

The Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias adjourned this evening after having elected the following officers:

Supreme Chancellor—Thomas G. Sample, Allegheny, Pa.

Supreme Vice Chancellor—Ogden H. Feathers, Wisconsin.

The other officers will be elected to-morrow. The men elected were on the slate of the present administration.

Much of the morning session of the Supreme Lodge was devoted to the consideration of the report of John A. Hinsey, Supreme Organizer of the Endowment Rank of that organization. Representative Shively moved that the organizer's report be printed. Friends of the official household objected to this step and debate waged warm. Representatives Ritchie, Riddle and a number of others supported Mr. Shively's motion and it finally prevailed after two hours had been spent in discussion.

Vague rumors were floating about as to the condition of the Endowment rank. This is the insurance branch of the order, and has 53,579 members, carrying policies amounting to $99,261,500.

The committee appointed to investigate the charges made against the Supreme officers has been in session two days, but is not ready to report.

YELLOW FEVER.

Suspected Cases Near Galveston, Texas, and at Dry Tortugas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—Dr. Wyman, surgeon general of the Marine hospital service, has received official information that a case of suspected yellow fever exists at the artillery post at Fort Point, near Galveston, Texas.

A difference of opinion as to whether the case is yellow fever exists among the physicians, the marine hospital surgeon believing that it is, while the Galveston health officer takes a contrary view. The strictest isolation of the case will be enforced until the true character of the disease is disclosed.

A telegram from the Dry Tortugas states that the Vivina, just arrived there from Havana, has four suspicious cases of yellow fever on board. The vessel has been quarantined. These isolated cases, Dr. Wyman says, are easily handled and he expresses no fear that the disease will spread. The utmost precautions are being taken in all directions to prevent the yellow fever getting a foot-hold in the United States.

An order has been issued by the War Department extending the furlough of volunteers given leave of absence from thirty days to sixty days.

MEMBERS OF THE PEACE COMMISSION

Secretary Day, Senators Davis and Frye, Whitelaw Reid and Justice White.

AND ALL HAVE ACCEPTED.

The Attaches—John Moore, Assistant Secretary of State, to be Secretary of the Commission—Cabinet Council Discuss Peace Matters.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—Secretary Day announced this afternoon that the members of the peace commission had been chosen and that they had all accepted. The commission is as follows: Secretary of State Day Senators C. M. Davis, of Minnesota, and William P. Frye, of Maine; Whitelaw Reid, of New York, and Justice White, of the Supreme Court.

Senator Davis saw the President to-day, but the interview was very brief. The Senator left here this afternoon for New York and from there will return to St. Paul for a stay at his home before taking his departure for Paris. Senator Frye also went to New York to-day and will visit his home in Maine before returning here.

The membership of the commission being completed, Secretary Day arranged to leave for Canton to-morrow, in order to make his personal preparations for the trip to Paris. He will be accompanied abroad by Mrs. Day, who has entirely recovered from her recent illness. The secretary has already shipped to Canton a number of his personal effects in anticipation of his early retirement from the head of the State department.

The following attaches of the commission have been selected and will be appointed by the President: John Moore, of Massachusetts, now assistant Secretary of State, to be secretary of the commision; J. R. MacArthur, of New York, to be assistant secretary. Mr. MacArthur was formerly assistant secretary of the United States legation at Madrid, and is now on special duty at the State Department. He has had considerable experience in work of a diplomatic nature. These appointments were decided on by the President this afternoon.

Assistant Secretary Moore to-night admitted his selection as secretary of the commission. He said he had not decided when he would resign his post as assistant Secretary of State but that it probably would be within a fortnight. He had a long conference with the President this afternoon at which some of the plans of the commission were discussed. Secretary Day also had an interview with the President.

Cuban and Porto Rican Tariffs.

The cabinet was in session two hours to-day and devoted a large share of the time to matters which will come before the peace commission.

Another matter before the cabinet was the Cuban and Porto Rican tariffs. It was intended that the rates promulgated some days ago should be subject to change if inconsistencies were found or if any injustice had been done the people of the islands, or if any particular trade or industry had been discriminated against. The particular question discussed to-day was that of butter and butterine. Under the Spanish law, butter paid a duty of six cents a pound and butterine was prohibited. It was decided to fix a uniform rate for butter, butterine and oleomargerine of three cents a pound for Porto Rico and one and eighttenths cents in Cuba.

During the meeting a telegram was received from General Alger, at Montauk Point, in which he said in effect that the situation there was reasonably satisfactory. The general will return to Washington to-morrow.

AFFAIRS AT MADRID.

Returning Soldiers Banquetted at Corunna—A Cabinet Council—The Approaching Cortes.

MADRID, August 26.—The Carlists and Republican members of the Cortes have decided not to attend the forthcoming session; and they will issue a manifesto to the country, explaining the reasons for their absence.

The Spanish army officers who arrived on the steamer Alicante, which reached Corunna on the 24th instant, with the first of the Spanish repatriated soldiers, were given a banquet by representatives of the Madrid press at Corunna. The officers declared that both the American and Spanish soldiers adhered to the methods of civilized warfare throughout the campaign. They conceded the superiority of the American artillery. The health of the troops which arrived by the Alicante is already greatly improved.

The cabinet was in session again to-day. Senor Sagasta said the government was principally occupied with the position of the troops that had capitulated at Manila. It would be better, he thought, to transport them to the Visayas Islands than to bring them home, but the question must be decided by agreement with the American government. It depended upon whether or not the troops were considered prisoners of war.

DISTURBANCE AT MANILA.

A Fight With Natives That Grew Out of a Misunderstanding—One American Killed and Four Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, August 26.—On Wednesday a corporal and two men of Battery B, of the Utah artillery, after disembarking at Cavite, were sent on an errand. While passing through the streets private Hudson discharged his revolver. It was mere fun; but the natives in the immediate locality were much alarmed at the time. The natives immediately began firing. Dismounted cavalry was sent to quell the disturbance; but the natives misunderstood the movement and the firing became general. Private Hudson was killed and Corporal Anderson mortally wounded. Troopers Laydon, Nachbar, Connolly and Doyle, of the Fourth cavalry, were wounded. Four natives were killed and several wounded.

Gen. Aguinaldo has expressed his regret at the encounter and promises to punish the offenders. No further trouble is expected.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

SHAFTER SAILED FROM SANTIAGO.

The Spanish Transports Left for Spain With Troops, Officers and Priests.

CORPSES AS PASSENGERS.

Gen. Toral's Adieu to the Soldiers—Telegraph and Telephone Service to be Established Between Garrison Points—Bank of Exchange.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO, August 25, 5.15 P. M.—The Spanish transports San Francisco, Sanaugin and Colon left this afternoon for Spain with 4,568 Spaniards, including fifteen officers and their families and four priests. Eight men died on the way to the ships. Their corpses were "checked off" as passengers. It appears that there have been many instances of this during the embarkation of the Spaniards, the transportation company thus being enabled to collect the passage money, a thing readily managed under the easy inspection of the Americans. General Toral, when bidding adieu to the Spanish officers and men who were leaving said: "Conquered, we yield with honor to ourselves and to Spain. Whatever may be the future of Cuba, history will preserve the story of your heroic and noble deeds in this country. We regret our failure and its cost in treasure and in blood; but you have nobly fought and nobly lost."

Shafter Sailed for Home.

General Shafter and his staff sailed this afternoon on the United States transport Mexico. His departure was not marked by special incident. On arriving at Montauk Point he will go with Major Wiley to Washington to meet President McKinley and Secretary Alger, afterward proceeding to San Francisco. Colonel Greene, of General Shafter's staff, and captain of the signal corps, will remain for another ten days, or until he is relieved by Captain Leigh, who with fifty-nine men of the signal corps is expected on the Seguranca.

Maps and charts have been prepared for a military telegraph and telephone service between Santiago, Guantanamo, Baracoa, Sagua de Tanamo and San Luis, all garrison points, and Captain Leigh will begin the work of stringing the wires as soon as he arrives.

A Bank of Exchange.

On the recommendation of Washington a bank of exchange will be established here. The scarcity of small coin in a great inconvenience and a cause of much trouble among the soldiers and local merchants. One result is exorbitant prices.

The transport Roumania arrived today from Ponce. Yesterday the transport Orizaba left for Porto Rico. The Berkshire, with 350 convalescents from Siboney sailed for Montauk Point to-day. She was soon followed by the Berlin with General Bates and his staff and the first Illinois infantry.

TROOPS AT CAMP MEADE.

The Visit of President McKinley Will be Entirely Informal—Regiments to be Mustered Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPE MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, PA., August 26.—Adjutant General Corbin notified General Graham to-day that the visit of President McKinley to Camp Meade to-morrow will be entirely informal and that he does not desire any review. The President will be escorted through the camp by General Graham and staff, after which he will visit the division hospitals and examine the system of feeding the troops. The order for a marching review in the President's honor has been revoked at his request. Colonel Allison, chief commissary, has issued field ovens to each regiment and hereafter they will bake their own bread.

The first battalion of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania arrived in camp this morning from Alliance, O., and was followed later by the Seventh Illinois from Thoroughfare Gap.

Col. Wm. J. Elliott, of Philadelphia, has been detailed to muster out the Sixth Pennsylvania regiment. Orders were received this morning to muster out the First Rhode Island and Twenty-second Kansas.

A resident of Middleton was arrested to-day for selling liquor to the troops and turned over to the civil authorities. The Pennsylvania railroad has asked that guards be placed on all passenger trains going to and from camp. The engineers are still laying water pipes through the camp and by Saturday night every regiment will have pure water at its doors.

TROOPS FROM CHICKAMAUGA.

Camp Poland Near Knoxville Rapidly Filling Up—Third Army Corps Will Probably Go to Anniston, Ala.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., August 26.—Camp Poland, near this city, is rapidly filling up with troops from Chickamauga. The 158th Indiana, Second Ohio and First West Virginia, have arrived. The health of the 7,000 men now here is excellent and those sick in the hospital are improving, owing to the change of air and water.

General Roe, commanding the First brigade, Second division, Third corps, who is now here, will tender his resignation to Secretary of War Alger at once, wishing to retire to private life.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 26.—It is announced this afternoon that it will be practically impossible to maintain the Third Army Corps at Huntsville, where it has been ordered to proceed from Chickamauga. Indications are that the corps will be sent in its entirety to Anniston, Ala., a place said to be admirably adapted for camping a large body of troops. The officials here have agreed upon the change in plans and only await endorsement from the War Department. The reason for the change is scarcity of water at Huntsville.

The statement published in a number of papers during the last forty-eight hours to the effect that six hundred men have died at Camp Thomas since its establishment, is without foundation. The number is little more than five hundred.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

WAR-CLOUD IN THE FAR EAST.

Relations Between China and Great Britain Strained to Point of Rupture.

THE WARSHIPS MOBILIZING.

Naval Demonstration Solely Directed Against China—Lord Salisbury Insists Upon Recognition of Great Britain's Policy.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LONDON, August 27.—The Pekin correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says:

"The situation has suddenly become acute. The relations between the Tsung Li Yamen and Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister, are strained to the point of rupture. Sir Claude MacDonald has intimated that any failure by China to observe Great Britain's wishes will be accepted as a *casus belli*.

"In support of Sir Claude McDonald, the fleet has been concentrated at Wei Hai Wai and Hankow, and all the warships under 5,000 tons have been mobilized in the Yang Tse river.

"The naval demonstration is solely directed against China, as it is semi-officially stated that the existing relations with Russia are cordial. Lord Salisbury has abandoned the policy of the open door, substituting for it a policy of spheres of influence.

"Diplomatic conferences have been of constant occurrence within the last few days. Lord Salisbury insists upon the recognition, by the other powers interested in China, of the boundaries of Great Britain's 'sphere of influence.' In the same instrument, whereby Great Britain recognizes Russia's position in Manchuria, Russia is required to acknowledge the paramouncy of England is the Yang Tse valley, and guarantee that our territorial requirements shall be permanently respected.

"Great Britain is willing to drop her protest in respect to the new Chwang railroad, but Russia is required to cancel her agreement with China, that the country having the largest financial interests should arbitrate in disputes connected with the Pekin Hankow railway.

"The negotiations are confined to Pekin. The British ambassadors at St. Petersburg and Pekin are in close communication."

LONDON, August 26.—All the information obtainable tends to show that the dispatch sent from here to New York to-day confirming yesterday's cablegram that England has been preparing for a naval demonstration in the event of grave Anglo-Russian complications is merely gossip.

The London newspapers and diplomats ridicule the statements made, and say that apparently there is no specific Anglo-Russian issue at present, on which ultimatums and naval demonstrations such as mentioned conld be based.

The Position Worse Than Ever.

LONDON, August 27.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says:

"Violent scenes are reported to have occurred between Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, and M. Pavloff, the Russian charge d'affaires, owing to the latter's commanding the Tsung Li Yamen to break its agreement with the Hong Kong Bank under pain of the Czar's strong displeasure. The Chinese are inclined to obey M. Pavloff, seeing that the British confine themselves to verbal protests.

"The position is now worse than ever. All the Russian ships have returned to Port Arthur, while the British vessels are assembling at Wei Hai Wei and Chefoo. Extreme activity prevails ashore at Port Arthur.

"The action of the Russians at New Chwang indicates an intention on their part to remain there in strong force whether they build the Tien Tsin railway or not."

BITTER AGAINST AMERICANS.

Stories Told by Spanish Soldiers Who Have Returned from Santiago.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 27.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says the officers and soldiers who have returned from Santiago de Cuba bitterly accuse the Americans of unfulfilled promises made at the time of the capitulation of Santiago. The Americans, they say, forced the Spanish troops to encamp on a spot where hundreds of corpses of the Spanish defenders of El Caney were buried. The rains almost unearthed the bodies, the strench from which produced an epidemic. The Americans, the Spaniards assert, kept the latter without food and the officers received only tinned sardines. Most of them returned seriously ill from the effects of prolonged hunger. Several die daily.

AT CAMP ALGER.

Ninety-five Per Cent. of the Men Want to be Mustered Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—General Gobin said to-day that he had received no orders looking to the movement of troops at Camp Alger, or their mustering out. The principal topic among the soldiers is the likelihood of their being mustered out, 95 per cent. of the men, it is said, desiring to go home. If the weather permits to-morrow the First Connecticut, Third, Virginia and Eleventh signal corps will be reviewed by General Gobin.

The general court martial probably will publish in a day or two the findings in the case of private Floyd M. Gay, charged with robbing the mails. The general opinion is that Gay will receive a heavy sentence.

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

Secretary Hester's Statement As to the Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, August 26.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease for the week just closed of 80,068 bales, against a decrease of 58,676 last year and 97,541 in 1895.

The total visible is 1,673,493 bales, against 1,753,561 last week and 1,033,632 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,470,493 bales, against 1,557,561 last week and 803,420 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, Indian, etc., 203,000 bales, against 196,000 last week and 232,200 last year.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TRADE SITUATION STILL FAVORABLE.

Increased Activity in Western Markets and Improvement at the South.

FURTHER PRICE ADVANCES.

Reduced Number of Business Failures. Fair Gains in Railroad Earnings and Bank Clearings—Large Yields in Wheat and Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Bradstreets to-morrow will say:

Business conditions in the main reflect the continuance of the most favorable features hitherto dominating the trade situation in the more favored sections of the country. Prominent in this direction, of course, are the iron and steel and allied industries, in which active demand, present or prospective, has led to further price advances, sustained and even increased activity in distribution at most Western markets, with some improvement likewise noted at the South and on the Pacific coast, steadiness in prices—wheat, corn and cotton, however, excepted—a reduced number of business failures, fair gains in railroad earnings, as a whole, and bank clearings, in spite of a slight reduction from last week, showing heavy gains over all corresponding periods in previous years.

The less favorable elements in the situation are the reports of arrested, or smaller than expected, trade at Eastern markets, more particularly in textile lines, lowered quotations and apparently less active demand from abroad for our cereal products and reduced prices paid for the South's great staple, raw cotton. Qualifying the latter, might be mentioned the fact that Spring wheat has apparently begun to move in the Northwest and the promise of large yields in wheat and cotton alike has tended to depress prices.

In the iron and steel trade the strength developed has been notable and the confidence expressed is striking, in view of the willingness of new buyers to immediately grant price demands.

Less complaint about rain is heard from the South, and the quite satisfactory trade accounts from leading markets apparently reflect the confidence in a large yield of cotton, which has depressed prices ⅛c per pound.

Business failures in the United States this week number 172, against 195 last week and compare with 210 in this week a year ago, 320 in 1896, 190 in 1895 and 182 in 1894.

The feature of demand at Western markets this week has been the inquiry from jobbers of dry goods, clothing and boots and shoes, special activity being noted at Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Louisville and Omaha.

Wheat shipments for the week, including flour, aggregate 3,563,475 bushels as against 3,988,348 bushels last week, 5,149,653 bushels in the corresponding week of 1897, 3,281,854 bushels in 1896, 1,871,528 bushels in 1895 and 3,420,000 bushels in 1894. Since July 1st, this year, the exports of wheat aggregate 25,706,552 bushels, against 26,581,999 bushels during the same period last year.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 2,648,933 bushels, against 3,196,021 bushels last week, 2,682,452 bushels in this week of last year, 2,610,309 bushels in 1896, 1,124,536 in 1895 and 119,000 bushels in 1894. Since July 1st, this year, exports of corn aggregate 22,877,301 bushels, against 22,368,345 bushels last year.

Hot weather has checked distribution in Canada this week, but Montreal reports an improved distribution in cereals, and cheese exports heavy and prices moving upward, while Toronto looks for a large trade the coming week as a result of the exposition at that city.

WAR DEPARTMENT RILED.

Adjutant General Corbin Declines to be Interviewed on Reports as to Mismanagement of the War.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—General Corbin, Adjutant General of the Army, says no complaint has reached the War Department from major general, brigadier general, colonel, or men of the army, regarding want or destitution, or lack of supplies for the care of the troops. No demand has been made for supplies more than the regular requisitions for the troops, which came in the ordinary routine way. General Corbin declined to be interviewed on the subject of the many stories afloat regarding destitution and mismanagement of the war, saying that the facts will come out in due time, and the people will see for themselves what was done.

The whole department is greatly stirred over the many newspaper accounts of what has been going on, and it was the subject of discussion everywhere about the War Department, but apparently each head of a bureau believes that an investigation of the subject will vindicate him and his department.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Military Government is Working Efficiently and Business at Manila is Active.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 27.—The Manila correspondent of the *Times*, telegraphing Friday, says:

"The military government is working efficiently in all departments. Local business is being actively resumed, the water works are in operation and the Pasig river is open. Stringent measures have been taken to insure the sanitation of the citadel, which is crowded with prisoners. Anong the American troops there haye been only seventeen deaths from illness since landing.

There is undoubtedly practical unanimity among the merchants, irrespective of nationality, in favor of the permanent occupation of the archipelago by the Americans. Nobody conceives that the re-establishment of Spanish sovereignty is possible.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 10; Baltimore, 0.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 2; Brooklyn, 3.
Louisville—Louisville, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Cleveland—Cleveland, 1; New York, 8.
Chicago—Chicago, 3; Boston 2.
St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Washington, 8.

IN THE FLORIDA SWAMPS.

A Battle With Escaped Convicts—One Killed and Three Others Wounded. Their Pursuers Unhurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 26.—A special to the *Times-Union and Citizen* from St. Andrews Bay, Fla., says:

On Thursday night of last week twelve convicts employed in the turpentine camp of J. A. Donaldson & Company, of East Bay, overpowered two guards, securing their arms, and made a bold dash for liberty, hastening at once to the island. A party of pursuers was immediately organized and employing dogs, a spirited chase was instituted.

The escaped prisoners were successful in evading their pursuers until late on last Wednesday afternoon at which time they were overtaken in a small cypress swamp near Bayou Georgia, and a battle between the men intent on freedom and those whose duty it was to vouch for their safe keeping immediately ensued. Many shots were fired, the convicts fighting desperately from behind trees and cover. One convict was instantly killed and three others were wounded, but no casualties occurred on the side of the pursuers. After the burial of the dead, the injured were at once placed under proper medical attendance. Considering that the criminals secured arms belonging to the guards, much surprise is elicited from the fact of the total absence of injury resulting to the pursuers.

WARM WIRELETS.

Fred Titus, of New York, defeated Frank Starbuck, of Philadelphia, last night in a ten-mile paced bicycle race at Baltimore.

President McKinley has written a letter, congratulating the Army and Navy Christian Commission on its work among the soldiers during the war.

The dead-lock in the Fourth Alabama Congressional district was broken yesterday and Gaston H. Robbins was nominated for Congress by the Democrats.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,249,609,012; per cent. increase, 19.3; exclusive of New York, $447,437,547; per cent. increase, 6.4.

Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, is seriously ill at Narragansett Pier, R. I., where she has been confined to her bed several weeks. Mrs. Davis is at the bedside of her daughter.

A report is published in some of the Berlin papers that the Allgemene Deutsche Credente Versischerungs Bank has failed, with liabilities of several millions and no assets. The bankers, it is said, have disappeared.

President and Mrs. McKinley will arrive in Cleveland, Ohio, for a few days' visit, next Tuesday or Wednesday. The President is opposed to any public demonstration during his stay there.

A Winchester, Va., telegram says that Mrs. A. Z. Tyssowski, a leader in Washington society, committed suicide at Jordan Alum Springs by swallowing a large dose of carbolic acid. It is supposed she was temporarily insane.

President Faure of France, and Emperor Nicholas, exchanged telegrams yesterday in honor of the first anniversary of M. Faure's visit to Russia. Both of the messages spoke of the friendship existing between France and Russia.

John Anderson, who was to have been hanged in the Norfolk, Va., jail yard yesterday for the murder of mate Saunders, of the schooner Olive Pecker, on the high seas in 1897, has been granted another lease of life by Judge Waddill, of the United States District Court.

Why the Boiler Maker Called.

"Do you know," said Mr. Gratebar, "that for a long time I couldn't imagine what brought our neighbor, Mr. Anthony Hammerby, in to see us so often. Mr. Hammerby was a retired boiler maker. He had been a journeyman boiler maker and then a boss, and having made a modest fortune he had retired to enjoy it. He lived only two or three doors from us, and he used to come in often evenings. He seemed particularly to like to hear the children play on the piano, and if they didn't play he would always ask to have them. I used to wonder at this, because I never had any idea that Mr. Hammerby was especially fond of music, and one day I asked him about it.

"'Well, you see,' said Mr. Hammerby, 'I suppose that every man has a feeling of affection for the trade or profession that he was brought up in. I know that I have that feeling for my own, and when I hear your children play duets on the piano with the hard pedal on all the time, it makes me think of the dear old boiler factory.'"—New York Sun.

FOR RENT.

Store No. 108 North Water St.

Possession given at once. Also a new two-story dwelling on Chesnut near Seventh street, having all modern conveniences, including Closet and Bath. Possession given October 1st. Also, that desirable 10-room Dwelling, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets. All modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. Apply to

Morris Bear & Bros., 119 Princess street.
au 21 tf

"OLE VIRGINNY NEVER TIRE"

Is an Old Time Tune,

and in this connection I wish to call your attention to a select lot of

VIRGINIA HAMS.

Small, Sweet, Sound as a Nut, and YOU'LL NEVER TIRE OF THEIR DELICIOUS FLAVOR.

S. W. SANDERS,
au 26 tf — At the Unlucky Corner.

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, AT THE

Star Office.

SUITABLE FOR

WRAPPING PAPER

AND EXCELLENT FOR

Placing Under Carpet
jan 1 tf

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.
jy 17 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898 Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,355 32	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	167 97	Surplus $70,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits 9,953 25—	79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks $109,664 22		Total Deposits	561,976 40
Cash on hand 99,741 94—	209,406 16		
Total	$802,929 65	Total	$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit.
je 9 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A few Ladies in and out of town to sell a household necessity. Standard Oil Co. au 27 2t

Pure Sweet Apple Cider freshly made guaranteed to be nothing but Pure Apple Juice can be had of H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street Bell 'Phone No. 38. au 26 tf

R. V. Leonard & Bro., Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

Finest Apples and Peaches. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 23 tf

Wanted—Eight Thousand dollars wanted on improved real estate in Wilmington. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 1w

For Rent—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

For Rent—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street, Phone 208 sep 21 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

For Rent—Eight-room house with two-story kitchen adjoining. Third, between Chesnut and Mulberry streets. Water and sewer connections. Possession October 1st, 1898. Apply to James Knight. au 19 1w

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. B. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street. au 14 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.

WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMESTOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.

Receiving Fresh New Flour, and Can fill all Orders Promptly

Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.

A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon on consignment.

Hall & Pearsall,
au 13 tf — Nutt and Mulberry streets.

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 260.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt. The Druggist.
my 29 tf

HAMS, HAMS.

600 Pounds

Fine North Carolina Hams

ON CONSIGNMENT AND MUST BE SOLD. COME AND BUY.

D. L. Gore,
No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
au 21 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 3 1m — R. R. Love & Bro.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. Goldsboro, N. C.
feb 25tf

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A. for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

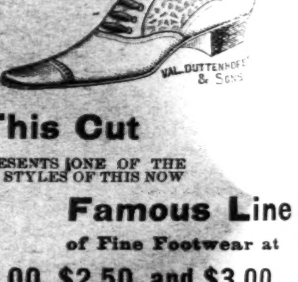
Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,
402 and 404 North Fourth Street.
je 4 tf — tu th sa



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Famous Line of Fine Footwear at

$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.

Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest is now on for 60 days.

Look in Our Window!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,
au 4 tf — 115 Princess street.

HINALYA,

THE KALA COMPOUND.

Nature's Great Specific for the Cure of Asthma.

Hinalya is a Positive Cure for Asthma,

and the address of parties in Wilmington and elsewhere can be given who HAVE BEEN CURED by its use. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 21 tf

Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
au 18 tf D&W — 5 and 7 South Water St.

Lard?

The Best Pure Leaf.... 7c per pound.
Granulated Sugar.......... 6c per pound.
Best Table Butter 22 1-2 per pound.

Don't you want half barrel of Fine Flour? We have it in half barrels and guarantee you can buy no better, $2.75.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
R. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 297 — Fourth Street Bridge.
au 17 tf